Introduction

The objective of this session is to illustrate on a 2D synthetic toy data-set how poorly a naive weight initialization procedure performs when a network has multiple layers of different sizes.

You can get information about the practical sessions and the provided helper functions on the course’s website.

https://fleuret.org/ee559/

1 Toy data-set

Write a function
generate_disc_set(nb)

that returns a pair torch.Tensor, torch.LongTensor of dimensions respectively $\text{nb} \times 2$ and $\text{nb}$, corresponding to the input and target of a toy data-set where the input is uniformly distributed in $[-1, 1] \times [-1, 1]$ and the label is 1 inside the disc of radius $\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}$ and 0 outside.

Create a train and test set of 1,000,000 samples, and normalize their mean and variance to 0 and 1.

A simple sanity check is to ensure that the two classes are balanced.

Hint: My version of generate_disc_set is 172 characters.

2 Training and test

Write functions

train_model(model, train_input, train_target)
compute_nb_errors(model, data_input, data_target)

The first should train the model with cross-entropy and 250 epochs of standard sgd with $\eta = 0.1$, and mini-batches of size 100.

The second should also use mini-batches, and return an integer.

Hint: My versions of train_model and compute_nb_errors are respectively 512 and 457 characters.
3 Models

Write

create_shallow_model()

that returns a mlp with 2 input units, a single hidden layer of size 128, and 2 output units, and

create_deep_model()

that returns a mlp with 2 input units, hidden layers of sizes respectively 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, and 2 output units.

Hint: You can use the nn.Sequential container to make things simpler. My versions of these two functions are respectively 132 and 355 characters long.

4 Benchmarking

Compute and print the train and test errors of these two models when they are initialized either with
the default pytorch rule, or with a normal distribution of standard deviation $10^{-3}, 10^{-2}, 10^{-1}, 1$, and $10$.

The error rate with the shallow network for any initialization should be around 1.5%. It should be
around 3% with the deep network using the default rule, and around 50% most of the time with the
other initializations.

Hint: My version is 562 characters long.